Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA HCS 2012 (29 CFR 1910.1200), Health Canada HPR (SOR/2015-17), and Mexico NOM-018-STPS-2015



Status: FINAL

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier: Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant

Code: 830654
Issue date: 30-Aug-2021
Relevant identified uses: Fuel additive
Uses advised against: All others

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number: CHEMTREC Global +1 703 527 3887

CHEMTREC United States 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531

Manufacturer/Supplier: RED LINE SYNTHETIC OIL

6100 Egret Court Benicia, CA 94510

SDS Information: URL: www.phillips66.com/SDS

Phone: 800-762-0942 Email: SDS@P66.com

Technical Information: 1-707-745-6100

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classified Hazards Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

H314 -- Skin corrosion/irritation -- Category 1 PHNOC: None known H317 -- Skin sensitization -- Category - 1

H412 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 3 HHNOC: None known

Label elements

DANGER

H318 -- Eye damage/irritation -- Category 1



H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eve damage

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects



P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray; P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling; P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace; P273 - Avoid release to the environment; P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection; P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting; P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower; P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention; P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing; P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician; P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing; P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse; P405 - Store locked up; P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

330654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Page 1/8

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Issue date: 30-Aug-2021

Page 2/8 Status: FINAL Issue date: 30-Aug-2021

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance	CASRN	Concentration ¹
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	64742-47-8	<45
cyclics, <2% aromatics		
Amine phosphate compounds (NJTSR No.	NONE	<15
800983-5011P)		

¹ All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Eve Contact: Immediately move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. For direct contact, remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the affected eye(s) with clean water for at least 30 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Immediately flush affected area(s) with large amounts of water while removing contaminated shoes, clothing, and constrictive jewelry. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek immediate medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, cleanse the affected area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water or a waterless hand cleaner. If irritation or redness develops, seek immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Inhalation: Immediately move victim away from exposure and into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, seek immediate medical attention. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek emergency medical attention. If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on the left side with the head down and do not give anything by mouth. If victim is conscious and alert and ingestion occurred within the last hour, vomiting should be induced for ingestions of large amounts (more than 5 ounces in an adult) preferably under direction from a physician or poison center. Do not leave victim unattended and observe closely for adequacy of breathing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: While significant vapor concentrations are not likely, high concentrations can cause minor respiratory irritation, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination, disorientation and fatigue. Ingestion can cause irritation of the digestive tract, nausea, diarrhea, and vomiting. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Notes to Physician: Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

NFPA 704: National Fire Protection Association

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0



0 = minimal hazard

1 = slight hazard

2 = moderate hazard

3 = severe hazard

4 = extreme hazard

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212°F / 100°C. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Page 2/8

Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

Page 3/8 Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of sulfur, nitrogen or phosphorus may also be formed.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8). Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

See Section 9 for Flammable Properties including Flash Point and Flammable (Explosive) Limits

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Spills will produce very slippery surfaces. Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant

Page 3/8 Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

Occupational exposure limits		

Occupational exposure limits				
Substance	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico	Phillips 66
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics				TWA-8hr: 200 mg/m³ Skin
isoaikarios, cyclics, <2 /6 aromatics				OKIII

State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Biological occupational exposure limits

None.

Engineering controls: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

Eye/Face Protection: The use of eye protection (such as splash goggles) that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 is recommended when there is potential liquid contact to the eye. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

Skin/Hand Protection: The use of gloves impervious to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact. Users should check with manufacturers to confirm the breakthrough performance of their products. Depending on exposure and use conditions, additional protection may be necessary to prevent skin contact including use of items such as chemical resistant boots. aprons, arm covers, hoods, coveralls, or encapsulated suits. Suggested protective materials: Butyl rubber

Respiratory Protection: Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying respirator equipped with R or P95 filters may be used.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

Other Protective Equipment: Eye wash and guick-drench shower facilities should be available in the work area. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm). Data represent typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Amber, Transparent Appearance:

Physical form of product: Liquid Odor: Mild Odor threshold: No data Not applicable pH: Melting / freezing point: No data

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data Flash point: > 266 °F / > 130 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup (PMCC), ASTM D93, EPA 1010

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): No data Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable **Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air):** No data Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data Vapor pressure: <1 mm Hg Vapor density: >1 (air = 1)

0.928 @ 60°F (15.6°C) (water = 1) Relative density:

Solubility(ies): Insoluble No data Partition coefficient n-octanol /water (log KOW): No data Autoignition temperature:

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Page 4/8 Issue date: 30-Aug-2021

Page 4/8

Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

._____

Page 5/8

Decomposition temperature: No data

Viscosity: 4.7 cSt @ 100°C; 26.0 cSt @ 40°C

Molecular weight: No data

Other information

Particle Size:No dataPour point:No dataBulk density7.73 lbs/gal

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Not chemically reactive.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

Conditions to Avoid: Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on Toxicological Effects

Substance / Mixture

Acute	Hazard	Additional Information	LC50/LD50 Data
Toxicity			
Inhalation	Unlikely to be harmful		>5 mg/L (mist, estimated)
Dermal	Unlikely to be harmful		> 2 g/kg (estimated)
Oral	May be harmful if swallowed		3.7 g/kg; (Estimated)

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, eye contact, skin contact

Aspiration Hazard: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory Sensitization: No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for target organ toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification).

Carcinogenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for carcinogenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification). Based on component information.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for germ cell mutagenicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification). Based on component information.

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Page 5/8
Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

Page 6/8 Status: FINAL Issue date: 30-Aug-2021

Reproductive Toxicity: No information available on the mixture, however none of the components have been classified for reproductive toxicity (or are below the concentration threshold for classification). Based on component information.

Information on Toxicological Effects of Components

Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Reproductive Toxicity: Hydrodesulfurized kerosene applied to the skin of female rats at 494, 330, or 165 mg/kg daily for 7 consecutive weeks (premating, mating, and gestation), or for 8 consecutive weeks in males did not result in systemic, reproductive, or developmental toxicity.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

GHS Classification:

H412 -- Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity -- Category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

Persistence and Degradability: The hydrocarbons in this material are not readily biodegradable but are regarded as inherently biodegradable since their hydrocarbon components can be degraded by microorganisms.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil: On release to water, hydrocarbons will float on the surface and since they are sparingly soluble, the only significant loss is volatilization to air. It is possible that some of the higher molecular weight hydrocarbons will be adsorbed on sediment. Biodegradation in water is a minor loss process. In air, these hydrocarbons are photodegraded by reaction with hydroxyl radicals with half lives varying from 0.1 to 0.7 days.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations. This material, if discarded as produced, would not be a federally regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste and is not believed to exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. This material under most intended uses would become "Used Oil" due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. Whenever possible, Recycle used oil in accordance with applicable federal and state or local regulations. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN Number: UN3265

UN proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, acidic organic, n.o.s (Amine phosphate compound)

Transport hazard class(es): 8

Packing Group: III

Environmental Hazard(s): This product does not meet the DOT/UN/IMDG/IMO criteria of a marine pollutant

Special precautions for user: If shipped by land in a packaging having a capacity of 3,500 gallons or more, the provisions of 49

CFR, Part 130 apply. (Contains oil)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Issue date: 30-Aug-2021

Page 6/8 Status: FINAL

Page 7/8 Status: FINAL Issue date: 30-Aug-2021

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

California Proposition 65

WARNING. This product can expose you to chemicals including Trimethyl phosphate (CASRN 512-56-1) known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

International Inventories

TSCA (United States): All ingredients are on the inventory or exempt from listing. All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

SECTION 16: Other information

Issue date	Previous Issue Date:	SDS Number	Status:
30-Aug-2021	12-Nov-2020	830654	FINAL

Revised Sections or Basis for Revision:

Identified Hazards (Section 2): Composition (Section 3): Precautionary Statement(s) (Section 2): First Aid (Section 4): NFPA ratings (Sections 5); Handling and Storage information (Section 7); Personal Protective Equipment (Section 8); Physical Properties (Section 9); Toxicological (Section 11); Environmental hazards (Section 12); Shipping information (Section 14)

Mexican NOM-018-STPS-2015:

The information within is considered correct but is not exhaustive and will be used for guidance only, which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and is applicable to the appropriate safety precautions for the product.

Precautionary Statements

- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling
- P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
- P273 Avoid release to the environment
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection
- P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
- P405 Store locked up
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

Guide to Abbreviations:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; CASRN = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number; CEILING = Ceiling Limit (15 minutes); CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; GHS = Globally Harmonized System; HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; INSHT = National Institute for Health and Safety at Work; IOPC = International Oil Pollution Compensation; LEL = Lower Explosive Limit; NE = Not Established; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA); SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes); TLV = Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH); TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours); UEL = Upper Explosive Limit; WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Page 7/8 Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

Page 8/8 Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL

Disclaimer of Expressed and implied Warranties:

The information presented in this Safety Data Sheet is based on data believed to be accurate as of the date this Safety Data Sheet was prepared. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IS TO BE IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ABOVE, THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT, THE SAFETY OF THIS PRODUCT, OR THE HAZARDS RELATED TO ITS USE. No responsibility is assumed for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use or from any failure to adhere to recommended practices. The information provided above, and the product, are furnished on the condition that the person receiving them shall make their own determination as to the suitability of the product for their particular purpose and on the condition that they assume the risk of their use. In addition, no authorization is given nor implied to practice any patented invention without a license.

830654 - Red Line® Alcohol Fuel Lubricant Page 8/8 Issue date: 30-Aug-2021 Status: FINAL